COLLABORATION WITH PATIENT ORGANISATIONS TO IMPROVE ACCESS TO CANCER TREATMENTS

Senator of the Chilean Republic
Member of the Health Commission
Preliminary considerations:

Importance of promoting civil society organisations to strengthen democracy.

Need for participatory processes during the design, drafting, implementation and evaluation of public policies.

Transparency, effectiveness and relevance of the implemented initiatives and actions as desirable effects of participatory processes.

Legitimacy of decision-making by public institutions.
### 2. MILESTONES OF THE PARTICIPATORY PROCESS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Year/Date</th>
<th>Event Description</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2012</td>
<td>Creation of the National Cancer Forum</td>
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<tr>
<td>18.11.2018</td>
<td>Public protest for the National Cancer Law</td>
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<tr>
<td>01.04.2019</td>
<td>Digital platform for public participation in the formulation of the National Cancer Law</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>02.09.2020</td>
<td>Approval and official publication of the National Cancer Law</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>04.09.2020</td>
<td>Public participation process to determine the contents of the operating regulation of the National Cancer Law</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>06.04.2021</td>
<td>Official publication of the operating regulation of the National Cancer Law</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2021</td>
<td>Election of the National Cancer Commission</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
3. CANCER FINANCIAL PROTECTION

2006. Explicit Health Guarantees
- Cervical cancer
- Management of cancer pain and palliative care
- Breast cancer
- Cancer in people under 15 years old
- Testicular cancer
- Lymphomas
- Preventive cholecystectomy for gallbladder cancer
- Stomach cancer
- Prostate cancer
- Surgical treatment of primary tumors of the central nervous system
- Leukemia

2013. Explicit Health Guarantees
- Colorectal cancer
- Ovarian cancer
- Bladder cancer

2019. Law on Financial Protection for High Cost Treatments
- Neuroendocrine tumors
- Gastrointestinal stromal tumors

2019. Explicit Health Guarantees
- Lung cancer
- Thyroid cancer
- Renal cell carcinoma
- Multiple myeloma
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Public Participation and Governance:</th>
<th>Coordination of the Health Services Provision:</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>National Cancer Commission</td>
<td>National Cancer Network</td>
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</tbody>
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<tr>
<th>Strategies, goals and actions:</th>
<th>Public-private collaboration:</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>National Cancer Plan</td>
<td>National Cancer Fund</td>
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</tbody>
</table>
The plan seeks to solve the problems associated with these diseases with a comprehensive and integrated approach to the provision of health and social care for patients. In a context of collaboration between various actors, the approach considers the following elements:

- Assessment of patients’ needs and currently available resources;
- Creation of an institutional framework to support the plans;
- Identification of actions and initiatives;
- Ensure sustainability;
- Monitor implementation of the plan, evaluation of the results, and implementation of a governance mechanism based on public participation.
6. SUMMARY OF THE STRATEGIC LINES

NATIONAL CANCER PLAN

Promotion, Education and Prevention
• Awareness raising;
• Healthy environments;
• Risk factors and protection.

Health Services Provision
• Screening and Diagnosis;
• Treatments;
• Palliative Care;
• Rehabilitation.

Strengthening of the Oncological Networks
• Infrastructure and equipment;
• Human capital.

Registry, Information and Monitoring
• Availability and quality of information.

Governance, Regulations and Inspection
• Creation of regulations and standards;
• Inspection.